

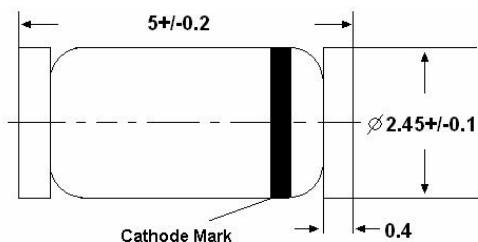
ZM 4728...ZM 4764

SILICON PLANAR POWER ZENER DIODES

for use in stabilizing and clipping circuits with high power rating. Standard Zener voltage tolerance is $\pm 10\%$. Add suffix "A" for $\pm 5\%$ tolerance and suffix "B" for $\pm 2\%$ tolerance. Other tolerances available are upon request.

These diodes are also available in DO-41 case with the type designation 1N4728...1N4764

LL-41



Glass case MELF

Dimensions in mm

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

	Symbol	Value	Unit
Zener Current see Table "Characteristics"			
Power Dissipation	P_{tot}	1 ¹⁾	W
Junction Temperature	T_j	175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_s	-65 to +175	$^\circ\text{C}$

¹⁾ Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature.

Characteristics at $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$

	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient Air	R_{thA}	-	-	170 ¹⁾	K/W
Forward Voltage at $I_F = 200\text{mA}$	V_F	-	-	1.2	V
¹⁾ Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature.					



CHANGZHOU GUANGDA ELECTRONIC CO. LTD

ZM 4728...ZM 4764

TYPE	Nominal Zener voltage ³⁾ at I_{ZT} Vz V	Test current I_{ZT} mA	Maximum Zener Impedance ¹⁾		Maximum reverse leakage current		Surge current at $T_A = 25^\circ C$ I_R mA	Maxi- mum regulator current ²⁾ I_{ZM} mA
			at I_{ZT} VzΩ	VzkΩ	at I_{ZK} mA	I_R μA		
ZM4728	3.3	76	10	400	1	150	1	1375
ZM4729	3.6	69	10	400	1	100	1	1260
ZM4730	3.9	64	9	400	1	100	1	1190
ZM4731	4.3	58	9	400	1	50	1	1070
ZM4732	4.7	53	8	500	1	10	1	970
ZM4733	5.1	49	7	550	1	10	1	890
ZM4734	5.6	45	5	600	1	10	2	810
ZM4735	6.2	41	2	700	1	10	3	730
ZM4736	6.8	37	3.5	700	1	10	4	660
ZM4737	7.5	34	4.0	700	0.5	10	5	605
ZM4738	8.2	31	4.5	700	0.5	10	6	550
ZM4739	9.1	28	5.0	700	0.5	10	7	500
ZM4740	10	25	7	700	0.25	10	7.6	454
ZM4741	11	23	8	700	0.25	5	8.4	414
ZM4742	12	21	9	700	0.25	5	9.1	380
ZM4743	13	19	10	700	0.25	5	9.9	344
ZM4744	15	17	14	700	0.25	5	11.4	304
ZM4745	16	15.5	16	700	0.25	5	12.2	285
ZM4746	18	14	20	750	0.25	5	13.7	250
ZM4747	20	12.5	22	750	0.25	5	15.2	225
ZM4748	22	11.5	23	750	0.25	5	16.7	205
ZM4749	24	10.5	25	750	0.25	5	18.2	190
ZM4750	27	9.5	35	750	0.25	5	20.6	170
ZM4751	30	8.5	40	1000	0.25	5	22.8	150
ZM4752	33	7.5	45	1000	0.25	5	25.1	135
ZM4753	36	7.0	50	1000	0.25	5	27.4	125
ZM4754	39	6.5	60	1000	0.25	5	29.7	115
ZM4755	43	6.0	70	1500	0.25	5	32.7	110
ZM4756	47	5.5	80	1500	0.25	5	35.8	95
ZM4757	51	5.0	95	1500	0.25	5	38.8	90
ZM4758	56	4.5	110	2000	0.25	5	42.6	80
ZM4759	62	4.0	125	2000	0.25	5	47.1	70
ZM4760	68	3.7	150	2000	0.25	5	51.7	65
ZM4761	75	3.3	175	2000	0.25	5	56.0	60
ZM4762	82	3.0	200	3000	0.25	5	62.2	55
ZM4763	91	2.8	250	3000	0.25	5	69.2	50
ZM4764	100	2.5	350	3000	0.25	5	76	45

1) The Zener Impedance is derived from the 60 Hz AC voltage which results when an AC current having an RMS value equal to 10% of the Zener current (I_{ZT} or I_{ZK}) is superimposed on I_{ZT} or I_{ZK} . Zener Impedance is measured at two points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve and to eliminate unstable units.

2) Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature.

3) Measured under thermal equilibrium and DC test conditions.

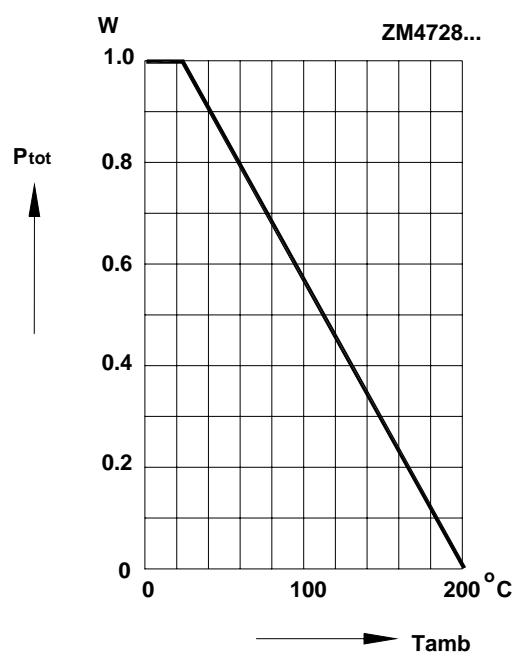


CHANGZHOU GUANGDA ELECTRONIC CO. LTD

4) Tested with pulses $t_p = 20$ ms.

ZM 4728...ZM 4764

**Admissible power dissipation
versus ambient temperature**
Valid provided that electrodes are kept
at ambient temperature



CHANGZHOU GUANGDA ELECTRONIC CO. LTD